cparse Documentation

Release 0.0.2

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Commands

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2 Usage

Current version: 0.0.2
Github
PyPi

CHAPTER 1

Installation

Use pip via PyPi:

pip install cparse

Or clone the repository:

```
git clone git://github.com/luciancooper/cparse.git
cd cparse
python setup.py install
```

CHAPTER 2

Usage

cparse is a command line tool. There are currently 6 subcommands:

ls	list files in directory
tree	print file tree
stat	directory filetype stats
ру	python code parsing
html	html link parsing
CSS	css code parsing

2.1 Is

The ls command lists the files in a directory

2.1.1 Usage

```
cparse ls [-r] [-n <depth>] [-d | -f] [-a] [-lim <count>] [-fmt <format>]
        [-exc <path>] [-inc <path>]
        [-wc <pattern>] [-grep <regexp>] [-ft <filetype>]
        [-m | -M | -c | -C | -b | -B | -i | -I | -g | -G] <path>
```

2.1.2 Positional Arguments

<path> root directory

2.1.3 Optional Arguments

-r	list files recursively
-n <depth></depth>	max depth if recursive flag is specified
-d	dirs only flag
-f	files only flag
-a	include hidden files
-lim <count></count>	maximum items to list in output
-fmt <format></format>	display format for listed items

2.1.4 Sorting Flags

Control the order in which files are listed. Only one of the following flags can be specified.

-m	sort by modified time (most recent first)
—M	sort by modified time (least recent first)
-c	sort by created time (newest first)
-C	sort by created time (oldest first)
-b	sort by size (largest first)
-B	sort by size (smallest first)
-i	sort by inode (descending)
-I	sort by inode (ascending)
-g	group files by file extension (descending)
-G	group files by file extension (ascending)

2.1.5 Pruning Arguments

Control which sub directories to include when recursive flag is specified. *These arguments can be specified multiple times.*

-exc <path></path>	sub paths to exclude
-inc <path></path>	sub paths to include

2.1.6 Filtering Arguments

Apply filters to control which files are listed.

-wc <pattern></pattern>	wild card pattern
-grep <regular-expression></regular-expression>	regular expression to match
-ft <file-extension></file-extension>	file type filter

2.2 tree

The tree command prints file trees

2.2.1 Usage

```
cparse tree [-d | -f] [-a] [-n <depth>] [-fmt <format>]
        [-exc <path>] [-inc <path>]
        [-wc <pattern>] [-grep <regular-expression>] [-ft <file-extension>]
        [-m | -M | -c | -C | -b | -B | -i | -I | -g | -G] <path>
```

2.2.2 Positional Arguments

<path> tree root directory

2.2.3 Optional Arguments

-d	dirs only flag
-f	files only flag (ignore empty directories)
-a	include hidden files
-n <depth></depth>	max tree depth
-fmt <format></format>	display format for tree nodes

2.2.4 Sorting Flags

Control the order in which files are listed within each branch of the tree. Only one of the following flags can be specified.

-m	sort by modified time (most recent first)
—M	sort by modified time (least recent first)
-C	sort by created time (newest first)
-C	sort by created time (oldest first)
-b	sort by size (largest first)
-B	sort by size (smallest first)
-i	sort by inode (descending)
-I	sort by inode (ascending)
-g	group files by file extension (descending)
-G	group files by file extension (ascending)

2.2.5 Pruning Arguments:

Control which sub directories to include in tree. These arguments can be specified multiple times.

-exc	<path></path>	sub paths to exclude from tree
-inc	<path></path>	sub paths to include in tree

2.2.6 Filtering Arguments

Apply filters to control which files are included in the tree.

-wc <pattern></pattern>	wild card pattern
-grep <regular-expression></regular-expression>	regular expression to match
-ft <file-extension></file-extension>	file type filter

2.3 stat

The stat command produces a table displaying directory filetype proportions

2.3.1 Usage

cparse stat [-a] <path>

2.3.2 Positional Arguments

<path> root directory

2.3.3 Optional Arguments

-a include hidden files

2.4 py

The py command parses python code files

2.4.1 Usage

cparse py <path>

2.4.2 Positional Arguments

<path> either a directory to search for .py files in, or a .py file

2.5 html

The html command parses the links in html files

2.5.1 Usage

cparse html <path>

2.5.2 Positional Arguments

<path> either a directory to search for html files in, or a html file

2.6 css

The css command parses css code

2.6.1 Usage

cparse css [-g] [-c] [-s] <path>

2.6.2 Positional Arguments

<path> a css file to parse

2.6.3 Optional Arguments

ſ	-g	group identical selector property blocks
	-C	condense redundancies within property blocks
	-s	stack matching selectors in output